Wiki Processors

Processors are <u>WikiMacros</u> designed to provide alternative markup formats for the <u>Wiki engine</u>. Processors can be thought of as *macro functions to process user-edited text*.

Wiki processors can be used in any Wiki text throughout Trac, such as:

- syntax highlighting or for rendering text verbatim
- rendering Wiki markup inside a context, like inside <div> blocks or or within or table cells
- using an alternative markup syntax, like <u>raw HTML</u> and <u>Restructured Text</u> or <u>?textile</u>

Using Processors

To use a processor on a block of text, first delimit the lines using a Wiki *code block*:

```
{{{
The lines
that should be processed...
}}}
```

Immediately after the { { or on the line just below, add #! followed by the *processor name*:

```
{{{
#!processorname
The lines
that should be processed...
}}}
```

This is the "shebang" notation, familiar to most UNIX users.

Besides their content, some Wiki processors can also accept *parameters*, which are then given as key=value pairs after the processor name and on the same line. If value has to contain space, as it's often the case for the style parameter, a quoted string can be used (key="value with space").

As some processors are meant to process Wiki markup, it's quite possible to *nest* processor blocks. You may want to indent the content of nested blocks for increased clarity, this extra indentation will be ignored when processing the content.

Examples

Wiki Markup	Display		
Example 1: Inserting raw HTML			
<pre>{{{ #!html <h1 style="color: grey">This is raw HTML</h1> }}}</pre>	This is raw HTML		
Example 2: Highlighted Python code in a <div> block with custom style</div>			
{{{\#!div style="background: #ffd; border: 3px ridge"	This is an example of embedded "code"		

This is raw HTML

```
This is an example of embedded "code" block:

{{{
    #!python
    def hello():
        return "world"
    }}}
```

Example 3: Searching tickets from a wiki page, by keywords.

```
{ { {
#!html
<form action="/query" method="get"><div>
<input type="text" name="keywords" value="~" size="30"/>
<input type="submit" value="Search by Keywords"/>
<!-- To control what fields show up use hidden fields
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="id"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="summary"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="status"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="milestone"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="version"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="owner"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="priority"/>
<input type="hidden" name="col" value="component"/>
</div></form>
} } }
```

Available Processors

The following processors are included in the Trac distribution:

#!default	Present the text verbatim in a preformatted text block. This is the same as specifying <i>no</i> processor name (and no #!).	
#!comment	Do not process the text in this section, i.e. contents exist only in the plain text - not in the rendered page.	
#!rtl	Introduce a Right-To-Left block with appropriate CSS direction and styling. (since 0.12.2)	
HTML related		
#!html	Insert custom HTML in a wiki page.	
#!htmlcomment	Insert an HTML comment in a wiki page. (since 0.12)	
	Note that #!html blocks have to be <i>self-contained</i> , i.e. you can't start an HTML element in one block and close it later in a second block. Use the following processors for achieving a similar effect.	
#!div	Wrap wiki content inside a <div> element.</div>	
#!span	Wrap wiki content inside a element.	
#!td	Wrap wiki content inside a element. (since 0.12)	
#!th	Wrap wiki content inside a element. (since 0.12)	
#!tr	Can optionally be used for wrapping #!td and #!th blocks, either for specifying row attributes or better visual grouping. (since 0.12)	

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#!table	Can optionally be used for wrapping #!tr, #!td and #!th blocks, for specifying table attributes. One current limitation however is that tables cannot be nested. (<i>since 0.12</i>)		
	See WikiHtml for example usage and more details about these processors.		
Other Markups			
#!rst	Trac support for Restructured Text. See WikiRestructuredText.		
#!textile	Supported if <u>?Textile</u> is installed. See <u>?a Textile reference</u> .		
Code Highlighting Support			
#!c			
#!cpp (C++)			
#!python			
#!perl			
#!ruby	Trac includes processors to provide inline syntax highlighting for source code in various		
#!php	languages.		
#!asp			
#!java	Trac relies on <u>?Pygments</u> for syntax coloring.		
#!js (Javascript)			
#!sql	See <u>TracSyntaxColoring</u> for information about which languages are supported and how		
#!xml (XML or	to enable support for more languages.		
HTML)			
#!sh (Bourne/Bash			
shell)			
etc.			

Since 1.1.2 the default, coding highlighting and MIME-type processors support the argument lineno for adding line numbering to the code block. When a value is specified, as in lineno=3, the numbering will start at the specified value. When used in combination with the lineno argument, the marks argument is also supported for highlighting lines. A single line number, set of line numbers and range of line numbers are allowed. For example, marks=3, marks=3-6, marks=3, 5, 7 and marks=3-5, 7 are all allowed. The specified values are relative to the numbered lines, so if lineno=2 is specified to start the line numbering at 2, marks=2 will result in the first line being highlighted.

Using the MIME type as processor, it is possible to syntax-highlight the same languages that are supported when browsing source code.

MIME Type Processors		
Some examples:	The result will be syntax highlighted HTML code:	
{{{\#!text/html	text	

The same is valid for all other <u>mime types supported</u>.

```
{{{#!diff
--- Version 55
+++ Version 56
@@ -115,8 +115,9 @@
    name='TracHelloWorld', version='1.0',
    packages=find_packages(exclude=['*.tests*']),
- entry_points = """
- [trac.plugins]
- helloworld = myplugs.helloworld
```

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```
- """,
+ entry_points = {
+ 'trac.plugins': [
+ 'helloworld = myplugs.helloworld',
+ ],
+ },
)
}}}
```

#!diff has a particularly nice renderer:

*Version

```
115 115
           name='TracHelloWorld', version='1.0',
116 116
           packages=find_packages(exclude=['*.tests*']),
117
           entry_points = """
118
             [trac.plugins]
119
             helloworld = myplugs.helloworld
           """.
120
    117
           entry_points = {
    118
             'trac.plugins': [
    119
                'helloworld = myplugs.helloworld',
    120
             ],
    121
           },
121 122 )
```

Line numbers can be added to code blocks and lines can be highlighted (since 1.1.2).

Line

```
3 def expand_markup(stream, ctxt=None):
```

4 """A Genshi stream filter for expanding `genshi.Markup` events.

<u>5</u>

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```
<u>6</u>
       Note: Expansion may not be possible if the fragment is badly
7
       formed, or partial.
8
9
       for event in stream:
<u>10</u>
          if isinstance(event[1], Markup):
11
<u>12</u>
               for subevent in HTML(event[1]):
13
                  yield subevent
14
            except ParseError:
<u>15</u>
               yield event
16
          else:
17
            yield event
```

For more processor macros developed and/or contributed by users, visit the <a>?Trac Hacks community site.

Developing processors is no different from Wiki macros. In fact, they work the same way, only the usage syntax differs. See <u>WikiMacros#DevelopingCustomMacros</u> for more information.

See also: WikiMacros, WikiHtml, WikiRestructuredText, TracSyntaxColoring, WikiFormatting, TracGuide

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